

### In the Claims

Claims 1 – 12 (Cancelled)

13. (Currently amended) A process for conversion of organic compounds [characterized by allowing the catalyst as described in claim 7 to contact] comprising contacting a catalyst formed from a CFI-type zeolite comprising an atomic ratio of silicon to a heteroatom of 45 or less, and long axes of crystals of 0.7  $\mu$ m or less with the organic compounds.

14. (Currently amended) [A] The process [for the conversion of the organic compounds] as described in claim 13 wherein the organic compounds are aromatic compounds having three or more substituent groups on an aromatic ring.

15. (Currently amended) The process [for the conversion of the organic compounds] as described in claim 14 wherein the conversion [reaction] is an isomerization reaction.

16. (Currently amended) The process [for the conversion of the organic compounds] as described in claim[s] 14 [or 15] wherein the aromatic compounds are selected from the group consisting of dihalogenated toluenes, trihalogenated benzenes, and trialkylbenzenes.

17. (Currently amended) The process [for the conversion of the organic compounds] as described in [any one of] claim[s] 13 [to 15] wherein the conversion is carried out in the [coexistence] presence of hydrogen.

18. (New) The process as described in claim 14 wherein the conversion is carried out in the presence of hydrogen.

19. (New) The process as described in claim 15 wherein the conversion is carried out in the presence of hydrogen.

20. (New) The process as described in claim 16 wherein the conversion is carried out in the presence of hydrogen.